

MR. IBRAHIM – UPPER LIMB POST-OP PATHWAYS

PROCEDURE	PROTOCOL	DAY SURGERY OR WARD	OUTPATIENT POST-OP
ROTATOR CUFF REPAIR +/- LHB TENODESIS Small, medium and large tears Open or arthroscopic	0-4 weeks: Polysling day and night • Sling may be removed for passive exercises, eating, washing and dressing • No active movement • Pendular exercises and passive shoulder abduction and flexion • Active neck, scapula, elbow, wrist and hand movements LHB tenodesis: No biceps loading for 6 weeks 4-6 weeks: • Wean off sling • Progress to assisted then active motion • Work on scapula control • Hydrotherapy may be helpful 6 weeks: • Isometric exercises for posterior deltoid, posterior cuff, latissimus • 8 weeks: • Resisted exercises for posterior deltoid, posterior cuff, latissimus • Isometric/functional only for pec major and anterior/middle deltoid Resisted exercises involving pec major and anterior/middle deltoid are discouraged until 6 months and must always be balanced with resisted exercises of the other muscles	Check operation note Teach week 0-4 exercises to patient Advise on functional activities: Washing/dressing, toileting, meal preparation Confirm plan for outpatient physiotherapy location and timing	10-14 days to follow protocol Additional notes: Approx return times Driving – 6 weeks Office jobs – 4 weeks Manual jobs – 3 months Sport – 3 months Contact sport – 6 months

Diagnosis | Treatment | Rehabilitation

MR. IBRAHIM – UPPER LIMB POST-OP PATHWAYS

PROCEDURE	PROTOCOL	DAY SURGERY OR WARD	OUTPATIENT POST-OP
MASSIVE ROTATOR CUFF REPAIR Partial repair (+/- balloon interposition or superior capsule reconstruction) Open or arthroscopic	0-6 weeks: Polysling day and night • Sling may be removed for passive exercises, eating, washing and dressing • No active movement • Pendular exercises and passive shoulder abduction and flexion • Active neck, scapula, elbow, wrist and hand movements 6-10 weeks: • Wean off sling • Progress to assisted then active motion • Hydrotherapy may be helpful 10 weeks: • Isometric exercises for posterior deltoid, posterior cuff, latissimus, trapezius and rhomboids may be started 12 weeks: • Resisted exercises for posterior deltoid, posterior cuff, latissimus, triceps, trapezius and rhomboids • Isometric only for pec major and anterior/middle deltoid • Resisted exercises involving pec major and anterior/middle deltoid are discouraged until 6 months and must always be balanced with resisted exercises of the other muscles	Check operation note Teach week 0-6 exercises to patient Advise on functional activities: Washing/dressing, toileting, meal preparation Confirm plan for outpatient physiotherapy location and timing	10-14 days to follow protocol Additional notes: Approx return times Driving – 10 weeks Office jobs – 4 weeks Manual jobs – 4 months Sport – 6 months Contact sport – 9 months

Diagnosis | Treatment | Rehabilitation

MR. IBRAHIM – UPPER LIMB POST-OP PATHWAYS

PROCEDURE	PROTOCOL	DAY SURGERY OR WARD	OUTPATIENT POST-OP
FROZEN SHOULDER Manipulation under anaesthesia (MUA) Arthroscopic capsular release	ACTIVE RANGE OF MOTION ON ALL PLANES AS SOON AS POSSIBLE Intensive physiotherapy	Check operation note Teach week active exercises to patient Advise on functional activities: Washing/dressing, toileting, meal preparation Confirm plan for outpatient physiotherapy location and timing	ASAP within 10 days to follow protocol

Diagnosis | Treatment | Rehabilitation

MR. IBRAHIM – UPPER LIMB POST-OP PATHWAYS

PROCEDURE	PROTOCOL	DAY SURGERY OR WARD	OUTPATIENT POST-OP
SHOULDER REPLACEMENTS Elective or trauma (proximal humerus fracture) Hemiarthroplasty Total anatomic Reverse	0-2 weeks: Polysling for comfort only from day 1 - Sling is removed for exercises, self care and light functional use within 'Safe Zone' 'Safe Zone' = hand in front of body, elbow at side, no external rotation beyond neutral e.g. making snack, use computer, self-care - Pendular exercises - Active neck, scapula, elbow, wrist and hand movements - Active assisted flexion to 90 and external rotation to 30 degrees within boundaries of pain 2-4 weeks: - Active assisted abduction exercises can be added 4-6 weeks: - Wean off sling - Progress to active shoulder motion - Isometric exercises for all muscle groups may be started - Hydrotherapy may be helpful 6 weeks: - Resisted exercises throughout range as pain allows - Rehab for reverse focuses on graded deltoid strengthening	Check operation note Teach week 0-2 exercises to patient Advise on functional activities: Washing/dressing, toileting, meal preparation Confirm plan for outpatient physiotherapy location and timing	10-14 days to follow protocol Contact surgeon directly if there is wound leakage or breakdown Additional notes: Approx return times Driving – 8 weeks Office jobs – 4 weeks Manual jobs – 3 months Sport – 3 months

MR. IBRAHIM – UPPER LIMB POST-OP PATHWAYS

PROCEDURE	PROTOCOL	DAY SURGERY OR WARD	OUTPATIENT POST-OP
SOFT TISSUE STABILISATION Anterior labral repair (Bankart repair) Posterior labral repair	0-4 weeks: Polysling day and night • Sling may be removed for exercises, eating, washing and dressing • Pendular exercises • Active neck, scapula, elbow, wrist and hand movements • Gentle active assisted shoulder abduction and flexion to 90 degrees and external rotation to 30 degrees 4-6 weeks: • Wean off sling • Start full active movement • External rotation is guided pain and not passively stretched • Do NOT push ROM, end range of stretches should be avoided • Start weightbearing proprioception exercises 6 weeks: • Start specific instability rehab programme • Recommend Derby programme http://derbyshoulderunit.co.uk/physiotherapy/	Check operation note Teach week 0-4 exercises to patient Advise on functional activities: Washing/dressing, toileting, meal preparation Confirm plan for outpatient physiotherapy location and timing	10-14 days to follow protocol Additional notes: Approx return times Driving – 4 weeks Office jobs – 2 weeks Manual jobs – 3 months Sport – 3 months Contact sport – 6 months

MR. IBRAHIM – UPPER LIMB POST-OP PATHWAYS

PROCEDURE	PROTOCOL	DAY SURGERY OR WARD	OUTPATIENT POST-OP
BONE BLOCK STABILISATION Latarjet or posterior bone block	0-2 weeks: Polysling day and night • Sling may be removed for exercises, eating, washing and dressing • Pendular exercises • Active neck, scapula, elbow, wrist and hand movements • Gentle active assisted shoulder abduction and flexion and external rotation within limits of pain 2-6 weeks: • Wean off sling • Start full active movement within limits of pain • Isometric exercises as pain allows • Hydrotherapy may be useful if progression slow 6 weeks: • Start specific instability rehab programme and resisted exercises throughout range • Recommend Derby programme http://derbyshoulderunit.co.uk/physiotherapy/	Check operation note Teach week 0-2 exercises to patient Advise on functional activities: Washing/dressing, toileting, meal preparation Confirm plan for outpatient physiotherapy location and timing	10-14 days to follow protocol Additional notes: Approx return times Driving – 4 weeks Office jobs – 2 weeks Manual jobs – 3 months Sport – 3 months Contact sport – 6 months

MR. IBRAHIM – UPPER LIMB POST-OP PATHWAYS

PROCEDURE	PROTOCOL	DAY SURGERY OR WARD	OUTPATIENT POST-OP
ACJ STABILISATION Acute stabilisation with sutures and/or anchor and/or tightrope Chronic stabilisation with artificial ligament (LARS or Surgilig)	0-2 weeks: Polysling day and night - Sling may be removed for exercises, eating, washing and dressing - Active neck, scapula, elbow, wrist and hand movements NO pendular exercises 2-4 weeks: - Commence passive assisted abduction and flexion to 90 degrees - Active external rotation - Internal rotation to chest wall only 4-6 weeks: - Wean off sling - Start full active movement within limits of pain - Isometric exercises as pain allows - Avoid lifting anything heavier than 1kg, weight-bearing on arm or traction on arm (carrier bags) 6-8 weeks: - Resisted exercises through range as pain allows 8 weeks: - Full functional strengthening - Focus of scapula retraction and posture	Check operation note Teach week 0-2 exercises to patient Advise on functional activities: Washing/dressing, toileting, meal preparation Confirm plan for outpatient physiotherapy location and timing	10-14 days to follow protocol Additional notes: Approx return times Driving – 6 weeks Office jobs – 4 weeks Manual jobs – 3 months Sport – 3 months Contact sport – 6 months

Diagnosis | Treatment | Rehabilitation

MR. IBRAHIM – UPPER LIMB POST-OP PATHWAYS

PROCEDURE	PROTOCOL	DAY SURGERY OR WARD	OUTPATIENT POST-OP
MISCELLANEOUS SHOULDER PROCEDURES Subacromial decompression (SAD) Bursectomy Denervation Acromioplasty Coracoplasty Debridement of irreparable massive cuff tear ACJ excision LHB tenodesis LHB tenotomy SLAP repair SLAP debridement Glenohumeral debridement	0-2 weeks: Polysling for maximum of 2 days • Arm used for light function • Pendular exercises • Active neck, scapula, elbow, wrist and hand movements • Gentle active shoulder exercises 2-4 weeks: • Aim for full ROM (unless intraop ROM limited) • Increase function within pain limits • Strengthen throughout range as pain allow 4-6 weeks: • Functional higher level strengthening Additional notes SAD/Acromioplasty/Coracoplasty: Resisted exercises involving pec major and anterior/middle deltoid are discouraged until 3 months, always balanced with resisted exercises of post cuff, post deltoid and latissimus Massive cuff tear debridement: Will rehab slower. Recommend Torbay Programme. LHB tenodesis: No biceps loading for 6 weeks SLAP repair: No biceps loading 3 weeks then light resistance only. No heavy loading for 6 weeks	Check operation note Teach week 0-2 exercises to patient Advise on functional activities: Washing/dressing, toileting, meal preparation Confirm plan for outpatient physiotherapy location and timing	10-14 days to follow protocol Additional notes: Approx return times Driving – 2 weeks (6 weeks for LHB tenodesis or SLAP repair) Office jobs – 2 weeks Manual jobs – 6 weeks Sport – once adequate ROM and strength allows

MR. IBRAHIM – UPPER LIMB POST-OP PATHWAYS

PROCEDURE	PROTOCOL	DAY SURGERY OR WARD	OUTPATIENT POST-OP
ELBOW STIFFNESS PROCEDURES OK procedure Elbow contracture release Column procedure	0-4 weeks: - Patients are admitted for 1 night for elevation and frontslab plaster splinting in extension - Intensive physiotherapy to work muscle groups actively from day 1 after removal of frontslab <u>Night splint in extension from day 1</u> 4 weeks: - Increase activities and resisted movement as pain allows - Night extension splint can be continued/adjusted up to 3 months if tolerated and deemed beneficial	Check operation note Teach week 0-4 exercises to patient Advise on functional activities: Washing/dressing, toileting, meal preparation Confirm plan for outpatient physiotherapy location and timing <u>Order night splint from orthotics and ensure proper fitting</u>	ASAP within 7 days to follow protocol Additional notes: Approx return times Driving – 4 weeks Office jobs – 2 weeks Manual jobs – 6 weeks Sport – once adequate ROM and strength allows

Diagnosis | Treatment | Rehabilitation

MR. IBRAHIM – UPPER LIMB POST-OP PATHWAYS

PROCEDURE	PROTOCOL	DAY SURGERY OR WARD	OUTPATIENT POST-OP
ELBOW ARTHROPLASTY Elective total elbow replacement Total elbow replacement for trauma Hemiarthroplasty for trauma	0-4 weeks: - Patients are admitted for up to 3 nights for elevation and monitoring of swelling - Dressings are reduced on day 1 and exercises started - Active flexion and passive extension in sagittal plain only - Gentle active pronation and supination - Rest hourly with elbow in extension - Protect triceps and avoid weight bearing 4-6 weeks: - Light functional activities but no lifting 6 weeks: - Resisted muscle work in available range with progressive triceps loading - Full functional activities Minimum aim is 100-degree arc of flexion-extension <u>3kg lifetime lift limit</u>	Check operation note Teach week 0-4 exercises to patient Advise on functional activities: Washing/dressing, toileting, meal preparation Confirm plan for outpatient physiotherapy location and timing	ASAP within 7 days to follow protocol Additional notes: Approx return times Driving – 4 weeks Patients are typically not of working age but can return to desk work at 2 weeks <u>3kg lifetime lift limit</u>

Diagnosis | Treatment | Rehabilitation